SYNERGETICS AND LINGUASYNERGETICS. In this article the problem concerning language as a complicated dynamic self developing system is under consideration. It is closely connected with communicative theory of socialization. Communication is expressed not only in the functional aspect but in the ontological one.

The article deals with the question of how characteristics of different types of discourse correlate in certain texts. We are specifically interested in how characteristics of scientific, educational and advertising discourse are reflected in the texts of advertising booklets of universities, grant proposals and in promotional texts on university sites.

The goal of the present paper is to reconsider the use of the possessive determiners in cognitive perspective. Analyze deals with body part expressions which possessive usage has some particularities in French. It is proved that integrational processes in cognition are connected with the strength of the problematic degree of scientific knowledge.

THE GENRE OF FABLE IN POETRY OF RUSSIAN GERMANS: TRANSFORMATION AND INERTIA. In the article there is Russian-German fable of the second half of the XX – beginning of the XXI centuries analyzed. There are elicited the signs of genre inertia (didactic tonality, typical fable names, vividly expressed moral, dialogue, free iambus, «doubleness of apprehensions») and transformation (increase of the percental part of floristic characters, weakness of the plot, author's varieties of fable, violation of expectation of allegoric characters' habitual «way of action» etc.). The fable uses most of elements of the ethnic picture of the Russian Germans' world and their main national concepts.

THE PROBLEM OF TRANSMISSION OF GENRE PECULIARITIES OF AN ORIGINAL IN THE MASS TRANSLATION (ON THE MATERIAL OF RUSSIAN TRANSLATION OF THE NOVEL «THE ITALIAN» BY ANNA RADKLIFFE; 1802–1804). In the present paper the problem of transmission of genre peculiarities in the gothic novel of Anna Radkillf «Der Italiener» in the first Russian translation is analysed. The discussion in focused on the linguistic features of the doubled translation that provides the conversation of three cultures and three languages (original, translation into the French, and translation into the Russian language).

THE FRENCH POSSESSIVE DETERMINERS WITH BODY PART EXPRESSIONS IN COGNITIVE PERSPECTIVE. The goal of the present paper is to reconsider the use of the possessive determiners in cognitive perspective. Analyze deals with body part expressions which possessive usage has some particularities in French.

THE PROBLEM OF TRANSMISSION OF GENRE PECULIARITIES OF AN ORIGINAL IN THE MASS TRANSLATION (ON THE MATERIAL OF RUSSIAN TRANSLATION OF THE NOVEL «THE ITALIAN» BY ANNA RADKLIFFE; 1802–1804). In the present paper the problem of transmission of genre peculiarities in the gothic novel of Anna Radkillf «Der Italiener» in the first Russian translation is analysed. The discussion in focused on the linguistic features of the doubled translation that provides the conversation of three cultures and three languages (original, translation into the French, and translation into the Russian language).

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P. 53. Skorik G.V. PERSON IN INFORMATION-ORIENTED SOCIETY: A PROBLEM OF IDENTIFICATION. A problem of subsistence of people under the conditions of modern information-oriented society is considered in the present paper. A problem of the person identity is actual because of intensification of the process of the society “atomization” and wide application of information technologies. Author discusses a concept of identity as well as strategy of its search when applying the information-communication technologies.

P. 56. Soldatova D.V. PHENOMENOLOGY AND HUMANITIES SCIENCES IN SPETS WORK. The article is devoted to propaedeutical role of phenomenology for the humanities. The article represents profit of phenomenological method for any humanitarians on basis of original interpretation of phenomenology by Shpet.

P. 58. Fatneva O.V. ON THE CATEGORY «OTHER» OF THE STRUCTURAL PSYHOANALYSIS. In the article the category «Other» of the structural psychoanalytical theory and its part in the dynamics of philosophical presentations of subjectivity are examined. The author pays attention to that this category reveals the new opportunities for the analytics of the phenomenon of mass culture, besides, its interpretation allows to revise the traditional notions of the mechanisms of consumption and social interaction.

CULTUROLOGY

P. 62. Zaytseva T.A. LOCAL CULTURES: PROBLEMS OF STUDY. The study of local cultures is contact with the question of varied cultural experience. One of the more important aspect this problem is definition of approaches and methods to study of local cultures, its specific traits, originality of forming. The specific traits may be considered as a answer to call of environment.

P. 65. Karmanova A.V. ATTITUDES TOWARD EDUCATION IN MODERN YOUTH SUBCULTURES. The value of education and self-education and their role in forming the all-round developing individual as the human ideal of modern youth subcultures is considered in this article.


P. 72. Petrov U.V. CHRISTIANITY: CULTURE AS A REVELATION OF SUBJECTIVITY. The article proposes the notion of Medieval culture as a wholesome entity bonded by the concepts of personality and of self-awareness. Unity of culture is seen as unity and wholesomeness personality. Personality is valued in its own right objectively providing a concept and an outlook on the world which turn the attention from the outer to the inner. Thus Medieval culture reveals the value of subjectivity and may be regarded as a culture of such.

HISTORY

P. 76. Gajdashova V.A. THE JOURNALS OF THE HEAD OF THE KOLIVANO-VOSKRESENSKI PLANTS AS THE SOURCE AN THE HISTORY OF THE PEASANTRY FARMING OF ALTAI REGION AT THE END OF THE XVIII – THE BEGINNING OF THE XIX CENTURY. The Journals of the Head of the Kolivano-Voskresenski plants, in which they kept records during observation of the region, are the reliable source on the history of the pripisnoy peasant economy. These Journals contain information on day to day occupations of the pripisnoy peasants, their plant and state dues. Comparative study of these Journals with other sources will help to observe the processes, taken place in pripisnoi village, in dynamics.

P. 80. Dutchak E.E. PROBLEMS OF THE RECONSTRUCTION OF OLD-BELIEVERS’ BIOGRAPHIES. The paper analyzes the information potential of criminal and investigative documents for the reconstruction of old-believers’ biographies. Research procedures allow for the establishment of interdependency between personal histories of vagabond old-believers of the XVIIIth – XIXth centuries and the realities of their epoch are proposed.

P. 84. Zaytseva O.V., Rajev D.I. THE MEANS OF RECONSTRUCTION OF PECULIARITIES OF ORIGINAL BODY PLACEMENT IN INHUMATION BURIALS. The means of reconstruction of peculiarities of original body placement in a burial on the basis of the modern osteoarchaeological methods are shown in the article. Three burials which are made by the inhumation rite and differ from each other with cultural and chronological characteristics are viewed here. During the analysis the authors revealed specific rite features in preparation and placement of the deceased body in each burial.

P. 90. Koleva G.Iu. THE WEST-SIBERIAN OIL-AND-GAS COMPLEX: the HISTORY of BECOMING and DEVELOPMENT (1960–1980-e). In article the history of creation and development of the West-Siberian oil-and-gas complex is considered (examined). The maintenance (contents) of concept «the West-Siberian oil-and-gas complex» is opened, the basic stages of development according to which development of branches of specialization of a complex is characterized, its industrial infrastructure, the decision of social problems are allocated. Influence of oil and gas extraction area of Western Siberia on a national economy as a whole is defined (determined).

P. 96. Komarova I.G. SOCIOCULTURAL SIDES OF TOMSK TATARS ETHNIC IDENTITY. The article is consider how social-communicative and moral-religious factors influence on the Tatars ethnic identity displaying in our times. The main method of the research is structuring interview.
The explicit expressions for bound-continuous transition form factors of EA are derived. It is shown that these form factors can be represented in the form of finite sum of terms with simple analytical structure and may be numerically evaluated with arbitrary degree of accuracy, are the main issues of the article. These issues are the most questionable and uncertain factors.

As an application of the presented form factors, the calculation of spectra of products from EA ionization is considered.

**PHISICS**

P. 107. Michalevskaya T. S. THEOSOPHICAL MOVEMENT IN THE LIGHT OF GENDER RESEARCH: STATING OF THE PROBLEM. The article is devoted to the studying of the problem how the theosophical movement has come into existence. The role of women in the formation of the theosophical outlook is also investigated. H.P. Blavatsky, a founder of the theosophical society, a famous writer, a philosopher and a mysterious person is in the centre of investigated. Her life greatly defines the further direction of theosophical development including a new way of understanding a role of women in different social and historical realities of this or that time.

**LEGAL**

P. 110. Bakmaev S.M.-K., Voskresenskaya O.O. TRANSITION $|nlm\rangle\rightarrow|\bar{p}\rangle$ FORM FACTORS OF HYDROGEN-LIKE ELEMENTARY ATOMS. A new approach for calculation of transition form factors of hydrogen-like elementary atoms (EA) is proposed. The explicit expressions for bound-continuous transition form factors of EA are derived. It is shown that these form factors can be represented in the form of finite sum of terms with simple analytical structure and may be numerically evaluated with arbitrary degree of accuracy. As an application of the presented form factors, the calculation of spectra of products from EA ionization is considered.

P. 113. Anisimova I.A. HARM TO THE HUMAN HEALTH: CONCEPTS AND VARIETIES. This article is dedicated to the research of the criminal harm to the human health. The definition, content and classification of the harm are based on the analysis of the criminal and medical documentation. Characteristics of the criminal results and analysis of human abuse and the psychological depression, are the main issues of the article. These issues are the most questionable and uncertain factors.

P. 117. Gavrilova G.K. THE PROBLEMS OF CRIMINAL LEGISLATION PERFACTION IN THE FIELD OF PROTECTION AND RATIONAL USE OF FISH AND WATER BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES (ON FAR EAST REGION EXAMPLE). The article is devoted to the investigation of environment-friendly legislation offences, connected with illegal extraction fish and water bio-resources. The author analyses the problems of criminal legislation perfection in the field of ecological crimes connected with illegal fishing and determine ways of these problems solution.

P. 123. Ilyushin A.V. LEGAL BASIS OF ADMINISTRATIVE – LEGAL REGULATION IN THE FIELD OF USAGE AND PROTECTION OF SUBSOIL (BY THE EXAMPLE OF SIBERIAN FEDERAL REGION). Bimodal system of law is being studied in the field of usage and protection of Russian Federation subsoil in the following paper; the subject of demarcation and authority in the following area between Federal Legislation and Legislation of Russian regions is being analysed in the following paper; the development of regional law in the field of usage and protection of subsoil is being considered here.

P. 127. Ionova E.V. THE PRINCIPLES OF THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION SUBJECTS EXECUTIVE AUTHORITY ORGANIZATION. The general principles of a regional executive authority organization, which are contained in the Constitutional Court decisions, are considered and also interactions of these decisions to a state jurisdiction organization in the Russian Federation subjects are investigated.

P. 130. Lukashevich S.V. PARTICIPATION OF SPECIALISTS AND EXPERTS IN TAX-PAYMENT EVADING CAUSES. According to the researches made there were found some specifications in checking and experts estimations, so as in tax-checking acts and in results of special researches in causes, concerning tax-payment evade. Both with this some mistakes, belonging to these movements were looked through and some suggestions were made for people working in this branch.

P. 134. Mikhaylov A.A. ESSENCE OF CORRECTION OF ACCUSATION BY PUBLIC PROSECUTOR IN THE COURT OF ORIGINAL JURISDICTION. In the article the author answers to the question about essence of accusation’s correction by public prosecutor in the court of original jurisdiction on the basis of judicial practice and of comparative legal analysis of different types of criminal procedure and treats issues which connect with asking on this question in Russian Criminal Procedure Code.

P. 136. Mitshkaya E.Y. THE PROBLEMS OF REALIZATION OF CITIZENS’ RIGHTS TO UNITE IN POLITICAL PARTIES IN THE REPUBLIC OF KAZAKHSTAN. The author thinks about the effective function of political system through the analyze of realization of the rights of Kazakhstan citizens for the uniting in political parties. In this article the demands of legislation about political parties, functions of parliamentary fractions, about attendance of political parties in formation of Republic of Kazakhstan’s Government estimated. The author of the article gives his own arguments to prove it.

P. 141. Pasternak S.N. IDEAS AND PREMISES OF THE POLISH CONSTITUTIONAL COURT GENESIS BETWEEN FIRST AND SECOND WORLD WARS (1920–1939). The constitutional projects of 1921 and 1935, which had proposals about organ of constitutional control, are analyzed. The short review of monographs, which are belonged to leading Polish experts and devoted to the constitutional justice, is presented. Step by step becoming and development of idea of the constitutional control organ is considered. The lack of political preconditions for the creation of the constitutional court between First and Second Wars is revealed and discussed.
THE ECONOMICS

P. 147. Yaroslavtceva S.V. THE INSTITUTION OF UNJUST ENRICHMENT: NORMATIVE BASE AND PRACTICE OF LOW ENFORCEMENT. The practice of low enforcement different norms of institution of unjust enrichment shouls that its whitten definitions can not regulate the all diversity of social relationships between the subjects. It is a fact that the definition wants to be itemize. One of the way of itemizing save lawmaking can be the activity of edition akts of different law enforcement agency, for example: Superior Abjudicatory Court. In this article the author analyse this kind of akts and shouls how they influence to the practice of low enforcement.

P. 149. Zhigalova V.N. THE ECONOMIC STABILITY OF ENTERPRISE AT THE STAGE OF TRANSITION TO A NEW TYPE OF DEVELOPMENT. The article reviews the modern problems of provision and maintenance of enterprise economic stability at the stage of transition to a brand-new type of development based on the usage of predominantly innovation factors; it analyses the main enterprise stability characteristics and types. The thesis, that the enterprise stability is directly connected with its ability to self-organization, is being supported.

P. 152. Kazakov V.V. PROPOSALS ON PERFECTION OF NATURAL PEOPLE TAXATION SYSTEM IN THE RUSSIAN FEDERATION TAKING INTO CONSIDERATION FOREIGN COUNTRIES' EXPERIENCE. The article is devoted to the issues of perfection of Natural People Taxation System in the Russian Federation with regard of foreign experience. The suggested in the work methods can be used as alternative of Taxation System reforming in the Russian Federation and serve as affective means for non-tax payment control.

P. 156. Katsiel S.A., Maevskiy D.P. REGIONAL COMPETITION AT THE PRESENT STAGE: THE ECONOMIC-SOCIAL APPROACH. Article is devoted to a problem of a regional competition and competitiveness. Authors consider the regional market as the subject national and world economic. As an example the local markets of the meat industry of two Russian cities are taken. Necessity of a choice by each region of the model of economic development for increase of competitiveness in modern conditions is proved.

P. 160. Nekhoda E.V. TRANSFORMATION OF LABOUR AND SOCIAL-LABOUR RELATIONS UNDER CONDITION TO POSTINDUSTRIAL SOCIETY. In this article we have said about modern stage of social development – postindustrial society. Such analysis make it possible to motivate of transformation labour and social-labour relations and to propose a course of action and development.

P. 167. Ovsyannikova T.Y., Kotova O.V. ESTIMATION OF THE INVESTMENT STATUS OF A REGIONAL HOUSING COMPLEX ON THE BASIS OF MODEL OF A NEURAL NETWORK. Various approaches to an estimation of investment characteristics of regions are considered in this paper. Necessity of increase in inflow of investment resources for a regional housing complex is proved. The approach to an estimation of the investment status regional housing complex as the generalizing investment characteristic which are taking into account investment characteristics of region and an inter-branch complex is offered. The model of an estimation of the investment status is developed on the basis of a neural network.

P. 174. Petinenko I.A. PRICING PECULIARITIES IN CONDITIONS OF GLOBALIZATION. In the article the globalization is determined as particular stage of internationalization in contemporary conditions. The globalization changes all processes and things including pricing which exist in the world and national economies. The author considers the influence of globalization at forming of prices in Russian economy.

P. 177. Rahimov T.R. ESSENCE, PURPOSE, OBJECTIVES AND DEVELOPMENT GUIDELINES FOR ECONOMIC-ORGANIZATIONAL AND LEGAL MECHANISM OF ATTRACTIVE REGIONAL INVESTMENT CLIMATE FORMATION. The article is devoted to the problem of regional investment climate improvement based on the development of economic-organizational and legal mechanism of attractive investment climate formation. It presents the essence of this mechanism, purpose for its functioning, basic goals and objectives tree and the development guidelines for it.

P. 181. Spitsin V.V. CREATION AND EVOLUTION LOCAL HIGH-TECH CLUSTERS: FOREIGN EXPERIENCE. The problems of creation and development of local high-tech clusters are of current interest nowadays. Authorities different foreign local units (regions, districts, towns) are interested in emerging and successive growth high-tech clusters on their area. This problem is also related to Russia, which has a high scientific potential but extremely low level of its commercialization. This paper examines foreign experience of the process of emerging local high-tech clusters, the stages of their evolution, defines the necessary conditions of their successful development and main directions of governmental and local authorities assistance on each stage of cluster evolution.

PSYCHOLOGY AND PEDAGOGICS

P. 186. Bogdanova E.L. THE INFLUENCE OF PROCESUAL FEATURES OF INTELLECTUAL ACTIVITY OF STUDENTS ON THEIR SUCCESS IN LEARNING. The article argues the importance of style phenomenology research aimed at solving the problems of educational practice in the context of intensive introduction of information and communication technologies. Based on the analysis of the empirical data of style research the problem of the influence of style parameters of students’ cognitive sphere on their success in completing various educational tasks is brought to light. The empirical proof of the hypothesis concerning the existence of the relationship between success of students’ learning and features of their cognitive spheres is given. Possible ways of improving the psychological and pedagogical support of their learning activity are shown.

P. 193. Bulgakova E.V. THE INFLUENCE OF STUDENTS' HUMANITARIAN TRAINING FROM HIGHER EDUCATIONAL TECHNICAL INSTITUTION ON THEIR CAREER MAKING. The many-sided development of future specialist's peculiarities in
the process of his(her) training in institution is provided with unity of humanitarian and career training which represents the system where each element fulfills specific function. In the article the author suggests the ways of realization of students' humanitarian training on the basic theoretical stage of their career making and examines the matter of students' activity in the process of integration of students' humanitarian and career training in higher educational institution.

P. 197. Varaktsina E.V. PSYCHOHISTORICAL TRENDS OF THE DYNAMICS IN THE SENSE OF LOVE. The results of psychohistorical analysis of transformation of representations about love are discussed. The major trends of cultural and historical dynamics of the sense of love are determined, namely the complication of representations about love due to the connection with higher needs and the combination of critical and acritical periods in the development of representations about love.

P. 201. Krasnenkova S.A. STAGES OF REHABILITATION OF A MENTAL HEALTH OF A PERSON WITH A HELP OF THE GESTALT ORIENTED ART-CORRECTION. It is supposed that the mental corrective process consists of stages. The hypothesis according which the mental corrective process is a chain with its linear primary, analytical, reconstructive, the stages of crisis and catharsis, synthetical and final stages, is considered in the frames of investigation of effectiveness of the gestalt oriented art-correction of mental states of employees of the system of repentance and members of their families. The dedication is such that the active form of figurative activities, using in therapeutic aims, comes advance restitution by drawing, literary, by the method of restoration of an unhealthy organism by drawing, promoting to person's mental health.

P. 205. Smirnova A.S. DIFFICULTIES IN STUDYING AND PEDAGOGICAL SUPPORT AS CATEGORIES OF PEDAGOGIC OF HIGHER EDUCATION. In this article the author has observed the difficulties white students meet in their studying and the reasons of their appearance. She also tries to give proof of the impotent of pedagogical support to such students.

P. 208. Fedotova O.D., Erovenko W.N. CLASSIFICATION PROBLEM OF MODERN PEDAGOGICS. The article is devoted to the analyses of typological problem in the sphere of pedagogical knowledge and educational research. The article deals with new problems of intrascientific reflection, hange of scale and quality peculiarity of pedagogical objects and offers the strategy of their research.

SCIENCES ABOUT EARS

P. 211. Ananova L.G. INFLUENCE OF THE TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY AND SEE-LEVEL PRESSURE ON DEVELOPMENT OF SQUALLS IN THE SOUTHEAST OF WESTERN SIBERIA. Repeatability of the temperature, humidity and see-level pressure during squalls in the southeast of Western Siberia are discussed. Research based on meteorological observations in airport Tomsk. The results will allow methods of the forecast of squalls to improve.

P. 215. Brakorenko N.N., Emel’yanova T.Y. SOIL TYPIFICATION ON COMPOSITION AND PERMEABILITY IN THE CONTEXT OF A SOIL POLLUTION FORECAST BY OIL PRODUCTS (TOMSK). Results of soil typification on composition and permeability in the context of soils pollution by oil products are presented. Calculations of infiltration rate with the object of a soil permeability comparison and forecasting of pollution level of soils and ground waters are made. Recommendations of preferred placement of the service station are given.

P. 219. Korolev A.U. PAMIR OPPORTUNITIES FOR SPORT TOURISM PURPOSES. SAMPLE METHOD EVALUATION. Pamir is an extremely difficult for the tours tight mountain junction with the highest peaks seven thousand meters of height. The most typical tours for Pamir are tours in the summer time. Each Pamir region and even each individual range can be suitable for different sample kinds of tourism. Altogether there are 20 main mountain ranges classified on Pamir mountain region and 12 of them are suitable for the mountain tours of highest 6th complexity degree. Mountain tourism is a sample kind of tourism for 12 Pamir mountain regions. Footpath tourism is a sample kind of tourism for 8 Pamir mountain regions. For Pamir the highest complexity degrees are typical and as a rool not lower than 5th complexity degree. In the article examination of each main Pamir range is given and the sample complexity degree of the route is defined.

P. 224. Pomortsev O.A. THE RIVER RUN OFF ANOMALIES IN THE CRIOLITOZONT (BY THE EXAMPLE OF YAKUTIA). Interdecadal variability of water flow anomalies which is modulated by 11-year cycle of solar activity is described by the example of cryolitozonal rivers of Yakutia. Hydrological anomalies surges are happening in accordance with 11-years solar activity bursts. The nearest increase in activity of hydrological processes is predicted in nearest years with peak in about 2012. As for long-term rhythms of Shnitnikov (1850 years) and Milankovich (40700 years), we should be waiting for sequential increasing of wetting the Earth and, therefore, increasing of hydrological process dynamics.

BIOLOGY

P. 228. Knyaseva I.R., Bol’shakov M.A., El’chaninov A.A., Klimov A.I., Rostov V.V. COMPARATIVE STUDY OF THE ACTION OF IMPULSE-PERIODIC MICROWAVE ANOL X-RAY RADIATIONS ON DROSOPHILA DEVELOPMENT. In present work a study results in comparative plane of action impulse-periodic microwave (unit absorbed power 2–10 W/kg) and x-ray irradiation (integral dose 0,2–10 mGr) to postembryonic stages of drosophila development were introduced. It has been demonstrated that impulse-periodic microwave and x-ray radiations induced unfavorable influence on drosophila development. Influence effect depend on the stage of organism development at the acting moment, rate impulse repeat and absorbed dose.

P. 237. Shirokova N.P. INFLUENCE OF GIBBERELLIN ON GROWTH AND PRODUCTIVITY OF TWO WHEAT SORTS. The researches were carried out with two sorts of spring wheat Omskaya 23 and Rosinka. It is studied an influence of exogenous cultivation by gibberellin with concentration of 25mg/l on plants. It is revealed the sorts differences for cultivation by regulator of growth.